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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/809,699	03/15/2001	William James Anderl	ROC920010018US1	3563
75	90 05/27/2005		EXAMINER	
Leslie J. Payne			LIN, TINA M	
IBM Corporation				
3605 Highway 52 North			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Rochester, MN 55901-7829			2874	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			DATE MAILED: 05/27/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/809,699	ANDERL ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	- ONO
		Tina M. Lin	2874	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicat or Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addre	SS
A SHI THE I Exter after If the If NO Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) data period for reply sis specified above, the maximum statutor re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, is eply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 'CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of ty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) M by statute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this comm ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.
Status				
1)⊠ 2a)□ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL. 2b). Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice of the second	☑ This action is non-final. allowance except for formal ma	·	erits is
m	·	indoi Ex parte Quayro, 1000 o	.5. 11, 100 0.0.210.	
4)⊠ 5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	on of Claims  Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the appl 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-26,29 and 3</u> Claim(s) <u>8</u> is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,6,27 and 28</u> is/are rejected  Claim(s) <u>4 and 7</u> is/are objected to.  Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> are subject to restriction	<u>0</u> is/are withdrawn from consid ed.	eration.	· , ·
Applicati	on Papers			
9)□ 10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the ExThe drawing(s) filed on <u>02 July 2001</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obj n to the drawing(s) be held in abey correction is required if the drawi	vance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	,		
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International see the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in he priority documents have bee Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Sta	ige ·
2) Notice	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO r No(s)/Mail Date 6/18/01.	948) Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15	j2)

## **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office action is responsive to applicant's communication submitted on 07 March 2005.

Claims 9-26 and 29-30 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected transceiver and electromagnetic interference apparatus, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 07 March 2005.

Applicant's election with traverse of claims 9-26 in the reply filed on 07 March 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that Group II (claims 9-26) has been improperly classified. This is not found persuasive because even though the Examiner does agree Group II has been improperly classified and should be classified in class 398, subclass 135, the search required for Group I is **not** required for Group II.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 6,556,811 to Sayer et al.

In regards to claims 1 and 5, Sayer et al discloses a method of cooling an optical transceiver that is mountable to a wall where air is ventilated through two openings (61, 62) over

the major surface portion (5). But Sayer et al fails to specifically disclose mounting one end of the transceiver with a wall opening so that a vent is formed within the confines of the wall opening to allow air to pass. However, Sayer et al does disclose a cover (51) to be placed in a similar fashion as the wall opening. The cover further allowed for a clearance distance to allow air to enter and cool the base of the transceiver. Since both the cover and the wall opening perform the same function, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have placed either a cover or a wall opening in order to form a vent to allow air to pass.

Claims 2, 3, 6, 27and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 6,556,811 to Sayer et al as applied to claim 1 above, and in further view of U.S. Patent 6,856,769 to Steffensen et al.

In regards to claims 2 and 6, Sayer et al discloses that the transceiver does not interfere with the external radiation. But Sayer et al fails to disclose shielding the transceiver, vent and wall opening from electromagnetic interference. However, Steffensen et al discloses a similar transceiver module that allows for ambient air-cooling surrounded by a shell that electromagnetically shields the transceiver. Since Sayer et al is silent on the details of the transceiver and Steffensen et al discloses a similar module which further details the transceiver, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have a transceiver that is shielded from electromagnetic interference in order to reduce the amount of interference to internal electrical component.

In regards to claim 3, Sayer et al discloses the air vent to partially surround a connector port (71, 72, 73, 74, 75).

In regards to claims 27 and 28, Sayer et al discloses a heat sink cover (51) including a carrier member which are joined together (by 52, 52) to define an enclosed portion, an optical subassembly (5) within the enclosure where the optical subassembly is a transceiver with electro-optical transmitter units. But Sayer et al fails to disclose the details of the transceiver component. However, Steffensen et al discloses several components comprising the optical transceiver connected by a paste to provide electromagnetic shielding. Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have a transceiver comprising electronic devices thermally coupled by a paste, which provides electromagnetic shielding.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 4 and 7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art of record in this application fails to disclose or reasonably suggest a method of cooling an optical transceiver including the steps of providing a transceiver insertable into a wall opening, ventilating ambient air over a major surface of the transceiver, shielding the transceiver, vent and wall opening from electromagnetic interference, partially surrounding the connector port with an adjacent vent and further providing an electromagnetic screen assembly adjacent to and covering the vent. More specifically, the prior art of record, relied on in the above rejection fails to disclose or reasonably suggest an additional electromagnetic screen assembly adjacent to the covering of the vent.

Claim 8 is allowable. The prior art of record in this application fails to disclose or reasonably suggest a method of cooling an optical transceiver including the steps of providing a transceiver insertable into a wall opening, ventilating ambient air over a major surface of the transceiver, shielding the transceiver, vent and wall opening from electromagnetic interference, partially surrounding the connector port with an adjacent vent and further providing an electromagnetic screen assembly adjacent to and covering the vent. More specifically, the prior art of record, relied on in the above rejection fails to disclose or reasonably suggest an additional electromagnetic screen assembly adjacent to the covering of the vent.

The documents submitted by applicant in the Information Disclosure Statement have been considered and made of record. Note attached copy of form PTO-1449. None of the documents submitted by Applicant discloses or reasonably suggests the allowable subject matter discussed above.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. References C and D both discuss similar methods of cooling an optical transceiver by using air vents or cooling fans. None of the documents cited by the Examiner discloses or reasonably suggests the allowable subject matter discussed above.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tina M. Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-2352. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rodney Bovernick can be reached on (571) 272-2344. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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/ John D.**&/**a Primary Examiner